

**THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE
COLLEGE OF SOCIAL WORK**

**SW 530 SEMINAR IN CLINICAL SOCIAL WORK
PSYCHOPATHOLOGY**

Fall Semester, 2002

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CODE OF CONDUCT

It is the student's responsibility to have read the College of Social Work Ethical Academic and Professional Conduct code that is in the College of Social Work MSSW Handbook (www.csu.utk.edu)

HONOR STATEMENT

An essential feature of The University of Tennessee is a commitment to maintaining an atmosphere of intellectual integrity and academic honesty. As a student of the University, I pledge that I will neither knowingly give nor receive any inappropriate assistance in academic work, thus affirming my own personal commitment to honor and integrity. (*Hilltopics, 2001*).

STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

"If you need course adaptations or accommodations because of a documented disability or if you have emergency information to share, please contact the Office of Disability Services at 191 Hoskins Library at 974-6087. This will ensure that you are properly registered for services."

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Psychopathology and Clinical Social Work is an advanced clinical course focusing on knowledge and assessment of psychosocial functioning of the individual. This course examines mental disorders in terms of clinical presentation, problems, causes, and processes. An ecological perspective is used to understand that mental illness occurs within a social context. Theories of and recent research in the etiology of psychic dysfunction and social variance are reviewed. Methods of assessment currently used in clinical social work practice are demonstrated and critically examined. The interactions of biological, psychological social, risk and resiliency, cultural, political, and environmental factors are stressed in understanding the development and maintenance of mental disorders.

RATIONALE

This course is an advanced elective for MSSW students. It is designed to provide understanding of

psychopathology and dysfunctional behavior in terms of manifestation, etiology, dynamic causation and diagnosis as a basis for intervention.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

By completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to (through course activities, assignments and/or exams):

- A. Describe different theoretical approaches or models for the study of psychopathology;
- B. Identify the components of comprehensive assessment with individual clients, including the use of the mental status examination, differential diagnosis and psychosocial evaluation;
- C. Identify, describe, and distinguish the major types of psychopathology including symptomology, etiology, and coping function served.
- D. Identify theories of human growth and development that contribute to understanding psychopathology;
- E. Describe the interaction of biological, sociological and psychological, risk and resiliency factors in the generation of psychopathology;
- F. Identify the effects of ethnic, racial, cultural, economic, sexual orientation, age, gender, physical and mental ability characteristics on and vulnerability to maladaptive behavior.
- G. Explicate an understanding of ethical issues encountered in assessment and intervention in regard to psychopathology, and psychiatric diagnosis with clients and the ability to analyze ethical dilemmas that may arise.
- H. Apply knowledge of psychopathology to formulate differential diagnosis and identify the implications for social work intervention.

TEXTS

Required:

Maxmen, J.S. & Ward, N.G. (1995). Essential Psychopathology and It's Treatment. New York: W.W. Norton & Co.

Supplemental:

American Psychiatric Association (2000). Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM IV - TR). Washington, D.C.: APA

A. Readings

- I. Basic texts have been selected and are listed in the bibliography. In addition, students are encouraged to read extensively from the recommended readings and materials. Review of articles in the numerous relevant professional journals is especially encouraged.

B. Expectations and Evaluation

Assignment guidelines will be distributed in class.

1. Term paper-Examination of a specific area or type of psychopathology.
2. Mid-Term exam-Objective and comprehensive.
3. Participation-Students are encouraged to serve as resource persons, sharing with the class relevant information which they have gained in their reading/research.
4. Final exam
5. Grading-The final grade will be based on:
 - a). Term paper 20%
 - b). Mid-term Exam 50%
 - c). Participation 10%
 - d). Final exam 20%

Course Outline

8/27/02 Introduction to course
The study of psychopathology
Classification and definition
Social Work Perspective

9/3/02 **Assessment of Psychopathology**

- A. Ecological perspective
- B. Ethnic, racial, cultural, gender and sexual orientation factors
- C. Vulnerable populations

D. Ethical issues and ethical dilemmas in the assessment of psychopathology

Adebimpe, V.R. (1994). Race, racism, and epidemiological surveys. *Hospital and Community Psychiatry*, 45 (1), 27-31.

Davis, S. (1991). An overview: Are mentally ill people really more dangerous? *Social Work*, 36 (2), 174-180.

Marley, J. (1998) People matter: Client reported interpersonal interaction and its impact on symptoms of schizophrenia. *Social Work* 43 (5), 437-444.

Maxmen, J. S., & Ward Nicholas G. (1995). *Essential Psychopathology and Its Treatment*. New York: W.W. Norton & Co., 19-106, 109-131.

Rubin A., Cardenas, J., Warren, K., Pike, C., and Wambach, K (1998) Outdated practitioner views about family culpability and severe mental disorders. *Social Work* 43(5), 412-422.

Suzuki, L.A., Meller, P.J. & Ponterotto, J.G. (Eds), 1996. *Handbook of Multicultural Assessment*. San Francisco: Jossey Bass, Inc. 1-48

Torrey, E.F. (1994). Violent behavior by individuals with serious mental illness. *Hospital and Community Psychiatry*, 45 (7), 653-662.

Westermeyer, J. (1987). Cultural factors in clinical assessment. *Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology*, 55, 447-478.

9/10/02

Anxiety Disorders

Maxmen, J.S., & Ward, N.G. (1995). Essential psychopathology and its treatment. (pp. 244-284). New York: WW Norton & Co.

American Psychiatric Association. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, (DSM-IV -TR) Washington, D.C. (2000), pp. 429-484.

Gerdes, K.E. (1997). Long term AFDC mothers and posttraumatic stress syndrome: Is there a connection?, *Affilia Journal of Women and Social Work*, 12 (3), 359-367.

Lemieux, A.M. & Coe, C.L. (1995). Abuse-related posttraumatic stress disorder: Evidence for chronic neuroendocrine activation in women. *Psychosomatic Medicine*, 57, 105-115.

Shear, M.K., Cooper, A.M., Klerman, G.L., Busch, F.N. & Shapiro, T. (1993). A psychodynamic model of panic disorder. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 150, 859-

866.

Zetin, M., & Kramer, M. (1992). Obsessive-compulsive disorder. *Hospital and Community Psychiatry*, 43 (7) 689-699.

9/17/02 **Anxiety Disorders (continued)**

9/24/02 **Somatoform, Factitious, and Dissociative Disorders**

Maxmen, J.S., & Ward, N.G. (1995). Essential psychopathology and its treatment. New York:W.W. Norton & Co. , pp. 284-319.

American Psychiatric Association. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, (DSM-IV- TR) pp. 485-534.

Carlson, Eric T., M.D., (1981) The history of multiple personality in the United States: The Beginnings. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 138.5 (May), 666-668.

Hartcollis, L. (1998) The making of multiple personality disorder: A social constructionist view. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, 26(2), 159-176.

10/1/02 **Schizophrenic Disorders**

Maxmen, J.S. & Ward, N.G. Essential psychopathology and its treatment. (1995). pp. 173-206.

American Psychiatric Association. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, (DSM-IV-TR) pp.297-344.

10/8/02 **Schizophrenic Disorders (continued)**

10/15/02 **Mid-Term Examination**

10/22/02 **Mood Disorders**

Maxmen, J.S. & Ward, N.G.. Essential psychopathology and its treatment. (1995). pp. 206-244.

American Psychiatric Association. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, (DSM-IV-TR), pp.345-428.

Arieta, S., & Bemporad, J.R. (1980) The psychological organization of depression. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 137 (11), 1360-1365.

Walther, V.N. (1997). Postpartum depression: A review for perinatal social workers. *Social Work in Health Care*, 24 (3/4), 99-111.

Wetzel, J.W. (1984). *Clinical Handbook of Depression*, New York: Gardner Press, 1-62, 179-214.

10/29/02 **Personality Disorders**

Maxmen, J.S., & N.G. Ward. Essential psychopathology and its treatment. (1995). pp. 389-419.

American Psychiatric Association. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, (DSM-IV-TR). pp.685-730.

Johnson, H.C. (1991). Borderline clients: Practice implication of recent research. *Social Work*, 36 (2), 166-173.

Lopez-Ibor, J.J. (1997). The concept and boundaries of personality disorders. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 154 (6), 21-25.

Miller, S.G. (1994). Borderline personality disorder, *Hospital and Community Psychiatry*, 45 (12), 1215-1219.

Wexler, S. and Morrey, L.C. (1999) Passive Aggressive Personality Disorder: The demise of a syndrome. *Psychiatry*, 62, 49-59.

Levin, A., Yong, L., and Frankenburg, F.R. (1997). Reported Pathological Childhood Experiences Associated with the Development of Borderline Personality Disorder. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 154 (8), 1101-1106.

11/5/02 **Personality Disorders (continued)**

11/12/02 **Other Adult Disorders**

11/19/02 **Disorders of Childhood**

Maxmen, J. S. & Ward, Nicholas G. (1995). *Essential Psychopathology and Its Treatment*. New York: W.W. Norton & Co. 419-457.

American Psychiatric Association (2000). *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*, (DSM-IV-TR) Washington, D.C. APA, 39-134.

11/26/02 **Disorders of Childhood (continued)**

12/03/02 **Summary and Final Examination**

Additional Readings

Amsterdam, E.A., Carter, C., Holloway, R. & Schwenk, T.L. (1994). Is it normal worry - or pathological anxiety? *Patient Care*. 28, 26-36.

Anspach. (1979). From stigma to identity politics: Political activism among the physically disabled and former mental patients. *Social Science and Medicine*, 13.

Astin, M.C., Ogland-Hand, S.M., Coleman, E.M., & Foy, D.W. (1995). Posttraumatic stress disorder and childhood abuse in battered women: comparisons with maritally distressed women. *Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology* 63(2), 308-312.

Beitchman, J.H., Zucker, K.J., Hood, J.E., DaCosta, G.A., Akman, D., & Cassavia, E. (1992). A review of the long-term effects of child sexual abuse. *Child Abuse and Neglect* 16, 101-118.

Bleiberg, E. (1994). Borderline disorders in children and adolescents: The concept, the diagnosis, and the controversies. *Bulletin of the Menniger Clinic* 58 (2), 169-191.

Bornstein, R.F. (1995). Active dependancy. *Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease*, 183 (2), 64-77.

Bornstein, R.F. (1992). The dependent personality: Developmental, social, and clinical perspectives . *Psychological Bulletin*, 112 (1), 3-23.

Bromberger, J. T., & Costello, E. J. (1992). Epidemiology of depression for clinicians. *Social Work*, (March) 120-127.

Chodoff, P., (1974) "The Diagnosis of Hysteria: An Overview." *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 131, pp. 1073-1078.

Chodoff, P., (1982) "The Diagnosis of Hysteria: An Overview." *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 131, pp. 545-551.

Comings, David E., and Brenda G. Coming (1993) Sexual Abuse or Tourette Syndrome" *Social Work*

, 38 (May, 1993), pp. 347-350.

Craske, M.G., Glover, D. & DeCola, J. (1995). Predicted versus unpredicted panic attacks: Acute versus general distress. *Journal of Abnormal Psychology*, 104, 214-223.

Dempsey, C. L. (1994). Health and social issues of gay, lesbian and bisexual adolescents. *Families in Society: The Journal of Contemporary Human Services*, 75 (3) 160-167.

Diaferia, G.; Bianchi, I.; Bianchi, M.L.; Cavedini, P.; Erzegovesi, S.; and Bellodi, L. (1997). "Relationship between obsessive compulsive personality disorder and obsessive compulsive disorder.", *Comprehensive Psychiatry*, 38 (1) 38-42.

Dunn, G.E., Salvia, L., & Palmer, S. (1994). Multiple personality disorder: A new challenge for psychology. *Professional Psychology: Research and Practice*, 23, 18-23.

Farber, S.K. (1997). "Self medication, traumatic reenactment, and somatic expression in bulimic and self-mutilating behavior." *Clinical Social Work Journal*, 25 (1) 99 87-106.

Goodman, B. (1995). When the body speaks, who listens? *Psychology Today*. 28 26-28.

Goodman, W.K.; Price, L.H.; Rasmussen, S.A.; Mazure, C.; et al. (1989). "The Yale-Brown obsessive compulsive scale: II Validity." *Archives of General Psychiatry*, 46 (11) 1012-16.

Gorton, G., and Akhtar, S. (1990). The literature on personality disorders, 1985-88: Trends, issues, and controversies. *Hospit*

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41 (1),
39-51.

Hoge, M. A., Davidson, L., Griffith, E. E., H., Sledge, W. H., & Howenstine, R. A. (1994). Defining managed care in public-sector psychiatry. *Hospital and Community Psychiatry*, 45 (7), 1085-1089.

Kaplan, C.P., and Shachter, E., (1993). Diagnostic and treatment issues with childhood birth disorders. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, 21 (3), 271-281

Karp, D. A. (1992). Illness ambiguity and the search for meaning: A case study of a self-help group for affective disorders. *Journal of Contemporary Ethnography*, 2(2).

Keller, L.E., (1996) Invisible victims: Battered women in psychiatric and medical emergency rooms. *Bulletin of the Menni*

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60 (1),
1-21.*

Kent, David A., Tomasson, Kristinn, & Coryell, William (1995). Course and outcome of conversion and somatization disorders: A four-year follow-up. *Psychosomatics*, 32 (2), 138-144.

Kirmayer, Laurence J., Robbins, James M., & Paris, Joel (1994). Somatoform disorders: Personality and the social matrix of somatic distress. *Journal of Abnormal Psychology*, 103 (1), 125-136.

McArdle, P., O'Brien, G., and Kolvin, I. (1995). Hyperactivity: Prevalence and Relationship with Conduct Disorder. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry*, 36 (2), 279-303.

McLeer, S.V., Callaghan, M., Henry, D., and Wallen, J. (1994). Psychiatric disorders in sexually abused children. *Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry*, 33 (3), 313-319.

Mechanic, D. (1989). *Mental health and social policy*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.