

UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE COLLEGE OF SOCIAL WORK**Memphis Campus****SW 512 Social, Economic, and Political Environments****(2 credit hours)****Fall 2008****Monday 1:30 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.**

Instructor: Ms. Linda Williams

Office Hours: By appointment

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It is the student's responsibility to have read the College of Social Work Ethical Academic and Professional Conduct Code that is in the College of Social Work MSSW Handbook

(www.utk.csw.edu).

The Honor Statement

An essential feature of The University of Tennessee is a commitment to maintaining an atmosphere of intellectual integrity and academic honesty. As a student of the University, I pledge that I will neither knowingly give nor receive any inappropriate assistance in academic work, thus affirming my own personal commitment to honor and integrity. (*Hilltopics*, 2008).

Disability

If you need course adaptations or accommodations because of a documented disability or if you have emergency information to share, please contact The University of Tennessee Office of Disability Services at 2222 Dunford (865-974-6087). This will ensure that you are properly registered for services.

Course Description

This course is a required foundation course. Examines the profound influences on and critical interfaces of client systems with the world in which we live. Incorporates local to international information about social, economic, and political trends and innovations, and about effects of social problems, injustice, and power on client systems and on social change and service delivery systems. The course pays special attention to the process of devolution and globalization and the influence of these economic and political forces on the distribution of resources. International comparative social patterns are analyzed to understand economic justice from a national and international perspective. The history of the social and political environment, both nationally and abroad, are considered to enhance students' understanding of how political decisions shape the social welfare arena in which we practice.

Course Rationale

The Social, Economic, and Political environment course provides a foundation for understanding the interconnectedness of various economic, social, and political theories and systems that influence oppression and social injustice, and the challenge of social workers to change oppressive social systems. Social work students, therefore, must understand and critically analyze local, national, and international interconnectedness of macro level social arrangements and how these arrangements may result in structural oppression, discrimination, and social injustice. Students require evidence-based knowledge in preparation for culturally competent practice in work with multicultural client systems, organizations, agencies, and communities.

Course Competencies


By the completion of this course, the students are expected to be able to demonstrate (through course activities, assignments, and/or exams):

1. Trace the history and trends of the economic and political system in the United States that affect how the U.S. welfare system is constructed. (Practice-F.1; Values/ethics-F. 1; Pops at-risk & SJ-F.2; Policy- F.1). (*content: define the political economy and the relationship with social welfare; identify the historic trends in economic theory and the changes in political ideology over time (e.g. supply side economics and neo-liberal/conservative movements; utilize information technology to analyze economic and political trends).*)
2. Describe the political process in the United States, and how power, and influence prevent or promote social and economic justice within and across multicultural populations. (Policy-F.7; Pops at-risk & SJ- F.2, F.3; Practice-F.8; Diversity-F6). (*content: how interest group politics influence the political process; understanding the political system; global hegemony, first and third world economic issues and immigration; structural inequality; distributive justice).*)
3. Use social and economic justice as a basis for analyzing the effects of social, economic, and political trends and the resultant interactions between individual, families, groups, organizations and communities. (Values/ethics-F.1; Pops at-risk & SJ-F.4, 5; Policy- F.1, F.7, CT/EBP- F.4). (*content: the influence of values of the dominant culture of societal choices in economic and political systems and the profession; privilege; the differential effect on client systems, communities, and organizations of tax systems and benefits).*)
4. Connect economic and political decisions to peoples' access to resources, locally, nationally, and internationally, and recognize the ethical dilemmas inherent in lacking resources. (Pops at-risk & SJ-F.3, F.4; Values/ethics-F.1, F.2, F.3, F.4).(*content: tax system; economic, distributive justice; disparities in health and welfare; devolution of resources and services; corporate welfare; poverty gap and income/wealth inequality; use information technology to analyze access to resources).*)
5. Analyze and compare national and international social, economic and political conditions using existing available statistics to identify differences in societies' access to resources.(CT/EBP-F.3; Pops at-risk & SJ-F.3; Policy-F.7; Research-F.1). (*content: use existing national statistics to compare social welfare and access across states; use international comparative literature to assess differences across countries in social welfare policies and practices; use information technology to identify disparities in access to resources).*)
6. Analyze client systems and the relationships of power among individuals, families, groups, organizations, communities and societies, using theories of empowerment, participatory change, conscientization, and social construction to understand the relationships of power and advantage in society, recognizing the role of social worker as learner and engaging client systems as experts of their own experience. (Pops at-risk & SJ-F.2, F.3). (*content: theories of empowerment, social construction, popular education, and participatory change in the context of group/population membership; how groups attain powers).*)

Required texts:

Friedman, T. (2007). *The world is flat: A brief history of the twenty-first century*. NY: Farrar, Straus and Giroux. [paperback edition available local bookstores, UT bookstore & online, amazon.com, etc.]

Required readings: ***On electronic reserve at Hodges Library, UT-Knoxville, under SW 512: Egan (noted *** in outline below)

 **Details of Course grading criteria, point distribution, and points and details of assignment, quizzes & discussion boards** can be found at end of Course Sessions section of this course outline & on our course Blackboard website

COURSE SESSIONS

August 25: In classroom

Topics: Discussion of the course outline, readings, assignments, & grading criteria
Introduction to course Blackboard site
Trends in the social, economic, and political environments
Critical thinking: What is it? What is it not?

Terms & concepts:

Capitalism	Consumer-side economics	Democratic capitalism	Devolution
Devolution	Disparity(ies)	Free market	Globalization
Mixed welfare economy		Supply-side economics	

Required Reading:

Friedman, T. *The world is flat*, Chapter 1: While I was sleeping, pages 3-11.

Course outline for SW 512 [bring your copy to class]

*** Karger, H., & Stoez, D. Chapter 1, pages 1-11. (2006). In *Social policy and the American welfare state*. Boston: Allyn & Bacon Publishers.

*** Kilty, K., & Segal, E. (2003). Rediscovering the other America: The continuing crisis of poverty and inequality in the United States: Introduction. *Journal of Poverty*, 7(1/2), 1-6.

September 1 (Labor Day): Online: Discussion Board #1: open 8/28/09 and graded 9/8/2008

Topics: Interest groups, political processes, & promoting social & economic justice
Effects of social, economic & political trends

Terms & concepts:

Devolution	Distributive justice	Economic justice	Globalization
Hegemony	NAFTA	Political process	Power
Social justice	Special interest groups		Structural inequality

Required readings:

***Askeland, G., & Payne, M. (2006). Social work education's cultural hegemony. *International Social Work*, 49(6): 731-743.

***Rank, M., Yoon, H-S., & Hirschl, T. (2003). American poverty as a structural failing: Evidence and arguments. *Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare*, 30(3), 3-29.

September 8: In classroom

Topics: Critically analyzing the affects of SEP trends: Social & economic indicators
Dominant values, power, privilege, and social and economic justice

Terms & concepts:

Corporate welfare	Devolution	Disparity(ies)	Distributive justice
Dominant values	Economic justice	Federalism	Individual justice
Privilege	Social justice		

Required readings:

***Collins, C. (2004). Aid to dependent corporations. In M. L. Andersen, & P. H. Collins (Eds.), *Race, class, and gender: An anthology*, pp. 379-383, (5th edition). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thomson.

***Linhorst, D. (2002). Federalism and social justice: Implications for social work. *Social Work*, 47(3), 201-208.

***McIntosh, P. (2004). White privilege: Unpacking the invisible knapsack. In M. L. Andersen, & P. H. Collins (Eds.), *Race, class, and gender: An anthology*, pp. 103-108 (5th edition). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thomson.

September 15: In classroom

Topics: Economic systems, dominant values & interest groups
Global economic issues, trends, & influences

Video: *Is Wal-Mart good for America?*

Terms & concepts:

Capitalism	Consumer side economics	Economic justice	Flat world
Free market	In/out sourcing	Interest groups	NAFTA Power
Social justice	Structural inequality	Supply chaining	
Supply side economics			

Required readings:

Friedman, *The world is flat*, Chapter 2: Eating sushi in Arkansas, pages 151-166 (top) & Insourcing: What the guys in the funny brown shorts are really doing, pages 167-175 (top)
Chapter 5: America and free trade: Is Ricardo still right?, pages 263-277.

*** Langston, D. (2004). Tired of playing monopoly? In M. L. Andersen, & P. H. Collins (Eds.), *Race, class, and gender: An anthology*, pp. 140-149. (5th edition). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thomson.

*** Lewis, M., & Widerquist, K. (2001). Chapter 1. The economic perspective. In *Economics for social workers: The application of economic theory to social policy and the human services*. New York: Columbia University Press. University Electronic Library:

www.lib.utk.edu:90/cgi-bin/auth/connect.cgi?netlibrary=75536

September 22: Online: Blackboard Discussion Board #2: open 9/19 and graded 9/29/08

Topics: Social & economic justice: Power, influence, political processes & dominant cultural values

Terms & concepts:

Distributive justice	Dominant values	Economic justice	Free market
Income/wealth disparities		Individualism	Interest groups
Power	PRWORA	Self-determination	Social justice

Required readings:

*** Collins, C., & Veskel, F. (2004). Economic apartheid in America. In M. L. Andersen, & P. H. Collins (Eds.), *Race, class, and gender: An anthology*, pp. 127-139 (5th edition), Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thomson.

***Reisch, M. (2000). Social workers and politics in the new century. *Social Work*, 45(4), 293-297.

***Rank, M., Yoon, H-S., & Hirschl, T. (2003). American poverty as a structural failing: Evidence and arguments. *Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare*, 30(3), 3-29.

September 29: In classroom

Topics: Dominant societal values, social & economic disparities, & privilege

In-class activity: The 10 Chairs

Terms & concepts:

Access to resources	Devolution	Free trade	Individualism	NAFTA
Poverty/rates	Power	Privilege	Socio-economic class (SEC)	
Structural inequality				

Required readings:

Friedman, T. *The world is flat*, Chapter 5: America and free trade: Is Ricardo still right? pages 263-277.

*** Karger, H., & Stoez, D. Chapter 5, pages 111-128. (2006). In *Social policy and the American welfare state*. Boston: Allyn & Bacon Publishers.

October 6: Online: Blackboard Discussion Board #3: open 10/6 and graded 10/13/08

Topic: Health and social disparities: Intersections of race, gender & power, resources, economic & social resources

Terms & concepts:

Interactions of social & political trends Popular education Power Social construction

Required readings:

*** Jennings, J., & Kushnick, L. (2004). Poverty as race, power & wealth.. In M. L. Andersen, & P.

H. Collins, *Race, class, and gender: An anthology*, pp. 154-158 (5th edition). Belmont, CA:

Wadsworth/Thomson.

October 13: In classroom

Topics: Social change strategies: Participatory democracy, social change, civil engagement & civil rights
Role of the social worker as learner & client systems as experts of their own experience

Video: *Rage for Democracy*

Terms & concepts:

Civic engagement	Civil rights	Community organizing	Economic justice
Empowerment	Micro-enterprise	Participatory change	Participatory democracy
PACs	Social construction	Social justice	Untouchables

Required readings:

Friedman, T. *The world is flat:* Chapter 6: The untouchables, pages 278-300
& Chapter 8: The quiet crisis, pages 337-373.

*** Castelloe, P., Watson, T., & White, C. (2002). Participatory change: An integrative approach to community practice. *Journal of Community Practice*, 10(4), 7-31.

*** Carroll, J., & Minkler, M. (2000). Freire's message for social workers: Looking back, looking ahead. *Journal of Community Practice*, 8(1), 21-36.

***Rogge, M., Davis, K., Maddox, D., & Jackson, M. (2005). Leveraging environmental, social, and economic justice at Chattanooga Creek: A case study. *Journal of Community Practice*, 13(3), 33-53.

***Theiss-Morse, E., & Hibbing, J. (2005). Citizenship and civic engagement. *Annual Review of Political Science*, 8, 227-249.

October 20: Blackboard: Online Quiz #1- Quiz is timed for 45 minutes. Available 12:00 p.m. (noon) October 20 and closes October 25 @ 7:00 p.m.

October 27: In classroom

Topics: Global social change initiatives
Tax systems & inequity
Political processes & special interest groups

Terms & concepts:

Democratization	Empowerment	FLA	Free trade	Micro-enterprise
Micro-lending	NAFTA	Progressive tax		Regressive tax
Social capital	Special interest groups		Tax systems	

Required readings:

Friedman, T. *The world is flat*, Chapter 5: America and free trade: Is Ricardo still right? pages 263-277.

***Jurik, N., Cavender, G., & Cowgill, J. (2006). Searching for social capital in U. S.

microenterprise development programs. *Journal of Sociology & Social Welfare*, 33(3), 151-170.

*** Karger, H., & Stoez, D., pages 233-240. (2006). In *Social policy and the American welfare state*. Boston: Allyn & Bacon Publishers.

November 3: Online: Blackboard Discussion Board #4: open 10/31 and graded 11/10/08.

Topics: National and global social, political, and economic initiatives: Non-governmental organizations [preparatory step to classroom presentations by each discussion board group]

Terms & concepts:

Democratization	Empowerment	NGOs	Social construction
Social/economic change		Structural inequality	

Required readings:

Friedman, T. *The world is flat*, Chapter 15: The unflat world, pages 533-579 & Chapter 12: Globalization of the local, pages 477-488

***Anner, J. (2004). Having the tools at hand: Building successful multicultural social justice

organizations. In M. L. Andersen, & P.H. Collins, *Race, class, and gender: An anthology*, pp. 542-552, (5th edition), Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thomson.

November 10: In classroom

Topics: International human and civil rights
Genocide & hate crimes

Terms & concepts:

Advocacy	Civil rights	Developing countries	Genocide	Human rights
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Required readings:

United Nations Human Rights Commission. UN Mandate on Human Rights: Darfur & Sudan.

www.unhrc.org

Southern Poverty Law Center. www.splcenter.org. *Hate crimes*.

Friedman, T. *The world is flat*, Chapter 16: The Dell theory of conflict prevention, pages 580-606

***Reisch, M. (2000). Social workers and politics in the new century. *Social Work*, 45(4), 293-97.

November 17: **Online:** Blackboard Quiz #2. Quiz is timed for 45 minutes. Open 11/17 @ 12:00 p.m. and closes 11/20/08 @ 7:00 p.m.

November 24: In classroom

In class activity: Discussion Board Groups' Presentations of NGO analyses from Discussion Board #4

Topics: Immigration, multiculturalism, & aging

Paper DUE NO later than November 26, 2008 @ 5:00 p.m. – via Blackboard Assignment Manager

Terms & concepts:

Global aging Exclusionary policy Green card Immigration policies

Nativism Older adults Oldest old Undocumented immigrants

Required readings:

*** Vidal de Haymes, M., & Kilty, K. (2007). Latino population growth, characteristics, and

settlement trends: Implications for social work education in a dynamic political climate.

Journal of Social Work Education, 43(1), 101-116.

*** Anderson, G., & Hussey, P. (2001). Population aging: A comparison among industrialized

countries. *Health Affairs*, May/June, 191-203.

Website: Passel, J., Capps, R., & Fix, M. (2004). *Undocumented immigrants: Facts and figures*.

www.urbaninstitute.org

December 1: Online: Blackboard Discussion Board #5: open 11/26 and graded

12/2/08

Required readings:

*** Furman, R., Langer, C., Sanchez, T., & Negi, N. (2007). A qualitative study of immigration policy and practice dilemmas for social work students. *Journal of Social Work Education*, 43(1).

Blackboard: NASW. *Code of Ethics*. www.socialworkers.org

International Federation of Social Workers. *Code of Ethics*. www.ifsw.org



Details of Course grading policy, course total point distribution, and points and details of assignment, quizzes & discussion boards

COURSE EXPECTATIONS and GRADING POLICY

1. Students are expected to participate fully in all online activities and in all classroom sessions.
2. Students are expected to read all assigned readings thoroughly before a class session.

3. Students are expected to complete and submit assignments on time & in response to the questions of each assignment as provided and meet the following criteria:
 - a) Out of class written assignments are expected to be of graduate level quality.
 - (1) Errors in spelling and grammar in a paper written outside of the classroom will result in reductions of ½ point for each error in the overall score for an assignment
 - b) Out of class written assignments are expected to properly cite sources in accordance with the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (5th edition)
 - (1) format, citations, margins, 12 fonts, double-spaced, 1 margins all four sides, and inclusive language).
4. An automatic 48 hour extension is allowed for submission of outside the classroom written papers/assignments (does NOT apply to online/Blackboard Discussion Board activities).
 - c) The professor MUST be notified via a message on voicemail OR email AT LEAST 1 HOUR PRIOR TO THE DUE DATE & TIME of the assignment.

<u>Total Points for Course Grade: total points for course grade are not rounded</u> (e.g., 81.999 = 81.0, i.e., = "C+")	<u>Point distribution for course assignments, quizzes, & discussion board activities & presentation</u>
100 – 95	A
94 – 88	B+
87 – 82	B
81 – 76	C+
75 – 70	C
69 & Below	F
	Five Blackboard Discussion Boards 15 points Paper 35 points Quiz #1 20 points Quiz #2 20 points In class Presentation of NGO analysis <u>10 points</u> Total points available 100 points

Details of Assignment, quizzes & discussion boards

Blackboard Discussion Boards: There are five; each is worth 3 points. Grading for each is as follows:

0-1.0 point = inadequate participation & inadequate content in responses to discussion;

1.1-2.0 points = adequate participation & adequate content in responses to discussions;

2.1-3.0 points = adequate participation & adequate content in response to discussions ± evidence of critical analysis and critical thinking in responses to discussion;

*The resources for each Discussion Board are provided to each group through their Blackboard group site

Discussion Board #1: Discussing national & international economic & social justice issues, & human rights: UN international economic reports

Discussion Board #2: Analyzing & discussing local, national, & international health & social disparities, the poverty & structural inequality with information technology

Discussion Board #3: Critically analyzing & discussing the interactions of race, privilege, advantage & their influence on access to resources

Discussion Board #4: Analyzing and discussing national & international NGOs in social, economic empowerment & capacity building strategies to increase access to resources & basic human rights & learning from client systems as experts of their own experiences

Discussion Board #5: Recognizing and discussing the ethical dilemmas arising from restricted access to resources & devolving social policies & advocating for their resolution.

Paper: 35 points, of which 5 are for graduate quality of writing, & 30 are distributed as follows:

Step 1:

Identify & describe the demographics of a population of clients/client systems with which you are familiar (a "population of clients" from your work or placement)

Step 2:

Utilize information technology to acquire the local, state, and national demographics of that larger population in terms of the following, as appropriate: **a)** Prevalence (%s) and/or **b)** Incidence (#s)

#1_____ Create a summarized table of the statistics of the clients/client systems you identified in Step #1. **(2 points)**

#2_____ Create a summarized table of the local, state & national statistics you located in Step #2. **(2 points)**

#3_____ Analyze & compare the two tables; Discuss how are they the same? Different? In what specific ways? **(5 points)**

#4_____ Discuss each of the following:

a) _____ What social, economic, and political influences of the community/city in which this "population of clients" reside explain how they differ from their counterparts in the state and nation? **(7 points)**

b) _____ What elements/issues of social and economic justice—as substantiated in your analyses, statistics, and discussions above—are suggested? **(7 points)**

c) _____ How do your discussions above (#3, 4a, 4.b) reflect the historical trends of the political and economic system in the U.S.? **(7 points)**

****NOTE: Maximum 6 pages (double spaced), including the two tables.**

****NOTE:** Be sure to accurately cite the source(s) of the statistics you provide in Step #1 & Step #2 & list these in your Reference list & adhere to the grading policies of the course.

Quiz #1 is comprised of 20 multi-response items (1 point each) concerning concepts and terms for understanding social, economic, & political trends & theories, political processes, globalization, social & economic justice, poverty, disparities, privilege as noted in terms & concepts listed for each course session from the beginning of the semester to October 20, 2008.

Quiz #2 is comprised of 20 multi-response items (1 point each) concerning terms and concepts of the course since October 21, 2008 for understanding tax systems, interactions of dominant values & persons/groups/communities, economic/political decisions and access, national & international poverty, advantage, & hegemony, social, political and economic change strategies, human and civil rights.

Presentation of Discussion Board Groups' Critical Analysis of NGOs is an in-class presentation of each Discussion Board Group's analysis from Discussion Board #4). Each student can achieve 10 points for her/his presentation with his/her group; it is expected that each group will divide the following among its members for the presentation. It is expected that each group's presentation will include the following:

- 1) What type of social/economic/political change project is the NGO project? How is the NGO organized? How does it acquire funding?
- 2) What is the goal of the NGO? What population is the target of the NGO's project(s)?
- 3) What issue/problem(s) of third world economic, social and/or political issues does the project seek to change?
- 4) a) In what specific ways does the NGO empower or dis-empower or is hegemonic? b) How does, or does not, the NGO's project influence power relationships (e.g., between individuals, groups, communities, states and/or nations? c) To what extent does the NGO utilize learning from the perspective of the client systems/population that the NGO targets?
- 5) Would the project of each NGO be a professionally & ethically appropriate project for social workers to be employed and practice?

Additional Resources

Commercial Films:

Babel

Hotel Rwanda

Paradise Now

Syriana

Talk to Me

The Constant Gardener

The Last King of Scotland

Website sources:

DeNavas-Walt, C., Cleveland, R. (2003). *Income in the United States 2002. Current Population Reports (P60-221)*. Washington, DC: U. S. Census Bureau. www.census.gov

Gerontological Society of America. (August 3, 2004). Press release: The

Gerontological Society of America announces initiative on civic

engagement in an older America. www.geron.org/press/engagement.htm

International Association of Schools of Social Work (IASSW) (2004) Global Standards

for Social Work Education and Training. www.iassw-aiets.org/

International Federation of Social Workers. *Code of Ethics*. www.ifsw.org

International Federation of Social Workers (IFSW) (2000) International Federation

of Social Workers: Definition of Social Work. www.ifsw.org/Publications/4.6e.pub.html

League of United Latin American Citizens. (2003). *LULAC outlines a vision of America as Hispanic population grows*. www.LULAC.org.

NASW. *Code of Ethics*. www.socialworkers.org

Proctor, B., & Dalaker, J. (2003). *Poverty in the United States: 2002. Current population reports* (P60-222). Washington, DC: U. S. Census Bureau. www.census.gov

U. S. Department of Commerce, U. S. Census Bureau. (2003). *Hispanic population reaches all-time high of 38.8 million, new Census Bureau estimates show*. www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/2003/cb03-100.html

Print resources:

Calasanti, T., & Slevin, K. (2001). *Gender, social inequalities, and aging*. Walnut Creek, CA: Alta Mira Press.

Dell Carpini, M. X., & Keeter, S. (1998). *What Americans know about politics and why it matters*. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press.

Estes, C., Biggs, S., Phillipson, C. (2003). *Social theory, social policy, and ageing: A critical introduction*. London: Open University Press.

Jansson, B. (2003). *Becoming an effective policy advocate*. (4th ed.). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Press.

Karger, H., & Stoesz, D. (2006). *American social welfare policy*. (5th ed.) Boston: Allyn & Bacon Publishing.

Kearney, M., & Beerra, B. (2004). Introduction to special issue: Migration and identities: A class-based approach. *Latin American Perspectives*, 31(5), 3-14.

Lewis, M., & Widerquist, K. (2001). *Economics for social workers: The application of economic theory to social policy and human services*. New York: Columbia University Press.

Opotow, S. (2001). Reconciliation in times of impunity: Challenges for social justice, *Social Justice Research*, 14(2), 149-170.

Rubin, L. B. (1994). *Families on the fault line: America's working class speaks about the family, the economy, race, and ethnicity*. NY: Harper & Collins.

Sommerfeld, D., & Reisch, M. (2003). The other America after welfare reform: A view from the nonprofit sector. *Journal of Poverty*, 7(1/2), 69-95.

Zolberg, A. R. (2006). *A nation by design. Immigration policy in fashioning America*. NY: Russell Sage Foundation Books.